

## Object-Oriented Programming (OOP) Sessional Project Plan

### Objective:

Throughout the semester, students are required to develop an individual software project that progressively demonstrates the application of Object-Oriented Programming (OOP) concepts. Each laboratory session will emphasize a specific principle that must be appropriately integrated into the student's selected project scenario.

The laboratory manual includes:

- A **front-page** format for each report
- A **table of contents (index)** with lab numbers and teacher signature space
- **Detailed report writing instructions** (structure, format, and what to include)
- The content should be **typed or neatly handwritten**.

### N.B. (Important Notice)

**All students must write every lab report, for example, and code by their own understanding. You are encouraged to take guidance from class notes, lecture slides, and discussions with friends to clarify concepts — but not to copy any part directly.**

Any report or program found to be **copied, AI-generated, or taken from seniors or online sources** will result in a **direct zero (0)** for that lab Report. No excuses, reconsideration, or partial marks will be given in such cases.

Students are expected to **learn, implement, and explain** their own Report. The primary goal of this course is **understanding**, not duplication.

## **Each report must follow the following:**

### **1. Title and Objectives**

- Clearly state the **Lab Report Title** (as given in the schedule).
- Mention 2–3 **objectives** explaining what the student will learn or demonstrate in this lab.

### **2. Theoretical Background**

- Briefly explain the **concept or topic** covered (e.g., inheritance, abstraction).
- Include **definitions, key properties, or use cases** relevant to the topic.
- Diagrams or flowcharts are encouraged for visual understanding.

### **3. Syntax and Explanation**

- Write the **main syntax** related to the concept (e.g., syntax of class, constructor, function overloading).
- Explain each part of the syntax in short, clear points.

### **4. Source Code**

- Present the **program code** neatly formatted and indented.
- Include **comments** in the code to describe key sections.
- Use consistent naming conventions and indentation.

### **5. Screenshot of Execution**

- Attach **clear screenshots** showing your program running successfully in the IDE or terminal.
- Ensure your name, project file, or relevant output is visible.

### **6. Observation and Result**

- Summarize what you observed while executing the program.
- State the **result** or conclusion derived from this lab.

## Mid Lab Topics

Report No.	Lab Report Title	Instructions / Scenario
Lab Report 1	Implementation of User-Defined Data Structures	Design and define essential data components of your project using <b>struct</b> to represent core entities (e.g., customer, item, sensor).
Lab Report 2	Application of Union and Enumeration for Data Representation	Utilize <b>union</b> and <b>enum</b> to manage category-based data or variable data types within your project efficiently.
Lab Report 3	Exploration of Storage Classes and Constant Qualifiers	Integrate <b>auto</b> , <b>static</b> , and <b>const</b> in your project code to ensure controlled memory usage and variable persistence.
Lab Report 4	Exception Handling Mechanism in Project Modules	Introduce error-handling using <b>try</b> , <b>catch</b> , and <b>throw</b> blocks to manage runtime errors or invalid input in your project functions.
Lab Report 5	File Handling for Persistent Data Management	Implement <b>file</b> operations for <b>storing</b> , <b>retrieving</b> , and <b>updating</b> data relevant to your project (e.g., records, logs, or configurations).
Lab Report 6	Implementation of Data Mapping and CRUD Operations	Use <b>map</b> and related STL containers to <b>create</b> , <b>update</b> , and <b>delete</b> project-specific records dynamically.
Lab Report 7	Function Overloading and Argument Handling in Modular Design	Apply <b>call-by-reference</b> , <b>function overloading</b> , and <b>default arguments</b> to develop reusable and flexible functions within your project.
Lab Report 8	Design and Implementation of Classes and Encapsulation	Create <b>class structures</b> to <b>encapsulate</b> project attributes and methods, maintaining data security and abstraction.
Lab Report 9	Advanced Class Features and Controlled Accessibility	Apply <b>this pointer</b> , <b>static data members</b> , and <b>friend functions</b> to optimize class-level behavior and access control.

## Final Lab Topics

Report No.	Lab Report Title	Instructions / Scenario
Lab Report 10	Constructors, Copy Constructors, and Destructors in Object Lifecycle Management	Implement <b>constructors, copy constructors, and destructors</b> to handle object creation and cleanup processes within your project.
Lab Report 11	Inheritance and Hierarchical Class Structures	Demonstrate different types of inheritance ( <b>single, multiple, multilevel, hierarchical, and hybrid</b> ) to promote reusability and modularity in your project.
Lab Report 12	Method Overriding and Ambiguity Resolution Techniques	Customize <b>inherited class behaviors through method overriding</b> and apply <b>ambiguity resolution strategies</b> where required.
Lab Report 13	Dynamic and Static Object Allocation	Create and manage project objects <b>dynamically (heap) and statically (stack)</b> to understand memory management and control.
Lab Report 14	Abstraction and Interface Design using Virtual Functions	Design <b>abstract classes and interfaces</b> with virtual functions to enhance modularity and abstraction in your project architecture.
Lab Report 15	Generalization and Specialization in Class Hierarchies	Apply class <b>generalization and specialization</b> principles to represent real-world relationships effectively in your project.
Lab Report 16	Modeling Class Relationships: Association, Composition, and Aggregation	Implement inter-class relationships ( <b>association, composition, and aggregation</b> ) to reflect logical dependencies in your project system.